

Phys 3122A, Homework 2, problem 3 solution:

a) Counter example to show $(\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}) \cdot \vec{C} \neq \vec{A} \cdot (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{C})$:

Let try $\vec{A} = \vec{B} = \hat{x}$ and $\vec{C} = \hat{y}$, then the left hand side gives \hat{y} while the right hand side gives $\vec{0}$. So clearly the vector dot product is not associative.

b) Counter example to show $(\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) \times \vec{C} \neq \vec{A} \times (\vec{B} \times \vec{C})$:

Let try $\vec{A} = \vec{B} = \hat{x}$ and $\vec{C} = \hat{y}$, then the left hand side gives $\vec{0}$ while the right hand side gives $-\hat{y}$. So clearly the vector cross product is not associative.